

## Oklahoma Newborn Screening Disorders List

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Congenital Hypothyroidism</b></li> <li>• <b>Classic Galactosemia</b></li> <li>• Galactose-1-phosphate uridyl transferase deficiency (Gale)</li> <li>• Galactokinase deficiency (GALK)</li> <li>• <b>Sickle Cell Disease (Hb SS)</b></li> <li>• <b>S, C Disease (Hb SC)</b></li> <li>• <b>S, β-Thalasemia (Hb S/βth)</b></li> <li>• Various other hemoglobinopathies</li> <li>• <b>Cystic Fibrosis</b></li> <li>• <b>Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia</b></li> <li>• <b>Biotinidase Deficiency</b></li> <li>• <b>Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (SCID)</b></li> <li>• <b>Spinal Muscular Atrophy (SMA)</b></li> <li>• <b>X-linked Adrenoleukodystrophy (XALD)</b></li> <li>• <b>Pompe</b></li> <li>• <b>Mucopolysaccharidosis Type 1</b></li> </ul>	<p><b>Organic Acid Disorders</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Propionic Acidemia (PROP)</li> <li>• Methylmalonic acidemia (MUT)</li> <li>• Methylmalonic acidemia (Cobalamin Disorders) (Cbl A, B)</li> <li>• Methylmalonic acidemia with homocystinuria (Cbl C,D)</li> <li>• Malonic acidemia (MAL)</li> <li>• Isobutyrylglycinuria (Isobutyryl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency) (IBG)</li> <li>• Isovaleric Acidemia (IVA)</li> <li>• 2-Methylbutyrylglycinuria (2MBG)</li> <li>• 3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase deficiency (3-MCC)</li> <li>• 3-Methylglutaconic aciduria (3MGA)</li> <li>• 3-Hydroxy-3-methylglutaric aciduria (HMG)</li> <li>• Holocarboxylase synthetase deficiency (multiple carboxylase deficiency) (MCD)</li> <li>• 2-Methyl-3-hydroxybutyric aciduria (2M3HBA)</li> <li>• Beta ketothiolase deficiency (βKT)</li> <li>• Glutaric acidemia type I (GA1)</li> </ul>
<p><b>Amino Acid Disorders</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Argininemia (ARG)</li> <li>• <b>Argininosuccinic aciduria (ASA)</b></li> <li>• <b>Citrullinemia type I (CIT)</b></li> <li>• Citrullinemia type II (CIT II)</li> <li>• <b>Homocystinuria (HCY)</b></li> <li>• Hypermethioninemia (MET)</li> <li>• <b>Maple Syrup Urine Disease (MSUD)</b></li> <li>• <b>Phenylketonuria (PKU)</b></li> <li>• Benign hyperphenylalaninemia (H-PHE)</li> <li>• Biopterin defect in cofactor biosynthesis (BIOPT [BS])</li> <li>• Biopterin defect in cofactor regeneration (BIOPT [REG])</li> <li>• <b>Tyrosinemia Type I (TYR I)</b></li> <li>• Tyrosinemia Type II (TYR II)</li> <li>• Tyrosinemia Type III (TYR III)</li> </ul>	<p><b>Fatty Acid Disorders</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Carnitine uptake defect (CUD)</b></li> <li>• Short-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (SCAD)</li> <li>• Glutaric acidemia Type II (GAI)</li> <li>• Medium-chain ketoacyl-CoA thiolase deficiency (MCAT)</li> <li>• <b>Medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MCAD)</b></li> <li>• <b>Very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (VLCAD)</b></li> <li>• Carnitine acylcarnitine translocase deficiency (CACT)</li> <li>• Carnitine palmitoyltransferase I deficiency (CPT I) Carnitine palmitoyltransferase II deficiency (CPT II)</li> <li>• <b>Long-chain L-3-hydroxyacyl- CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (LCHAD)</b> <b>Trifunctional protein deficiency (TFP)</b></li> </ul>